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**V—71—2017**

**FACULTY OF SCIENCE**

**B.Sc. (Second Semester) EXAMINATION**

**OCTOBER/NOVEMBER, 2017**

**(CBCS/CGPA Pattern)**

**MATHEMATICS**

Paper IV

(Geometry)

**(Monday, 13-11-2017)**

**Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon**

*Time— Two Hours*

*Maximum Marks—40*

*N.B. :— (i) All questions are compulsory.*

*(ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

*(iii) Use black ball pen to darken the circle on OMR sheet for Q. No.1.*

*(iv) Negative marking system is applicable for Q. No. 1 (MCQ).*

1. Choose the *correct* alternative for each of the following : 1 each

(i) If  $O$  be the origin of coordinates and  $(x, y, z)$  the co-ordinates of a point  $P$  :  $l, m, n$  are the direction cosines of the line  $OP$  and  $r$ , the length of the segment  $OP$ , then :

(a)  $x = lr, y = mr, z = nr$  (b)  $l = rx, m = ry, n = zr$

(c)  $r = lx, y = mr, z = nr$  (d)  $x = \frac{l}{r}, y = \frac{m}{r}, z = \frac{n}{r}$

(ii) The angle between the planes  $ax + by + cz + d = 0$  and  $a'x + b'y + c'z + d' = 0$  is :

(a)  $\cos^{-1}(aa' + bb' + cc')$  (b)  $\cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{aa' + bb' + cc'}{\sqrt{(\Sigma a^2)(\Sigma a'^2)}} \right]$

(c)  $\sin^{-1}(aa' + bb' + cc')$  (d)  $\sin^{-1} \left[ \frac{aa' + bb' + cc'}{\sqrt{(\Sigma a^2)(\Sigma a'^2)}} \right]$

P.T.O.

- (iii) The distance between the parallel planes  $x + 2y - 2z + 1 = 0$  and  $2x + 4y - 4z + 5 = 0$  is :
- (a)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (b)  $\frac{5}{6}$
- (c)  $\frac{3}{2}$  (d)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- (iv) The equations of the line passing through a given point  $A(x_1, y_1, z_1)$  and having direction cosines  $l, m, n$  ;  $lmn \neq 0$ , are
- (a)  $x - x_1 = l, y - y_1 = m, z - z_1 = n$
- (b)  $\frac{x - x_1}{m} = \frac{y - y_1}{l} = \frac{z - z_1}{n}$
- (c)  $\frac{x - x_1}{l} = \frac{y - y_1}{m} = \frac{z - z_1}{n}$
- (d) None of the above
- (v) The line  $\frac{x - x_1}{l} = \frac{y - y_1}{m} = \frac{z - z_1}{n}$  is parallel to the plane  $ax + by + cz + d = 0$  if :
- (a)  $lx + my + nz = 0$  (b)  $al + bm + cn = 0$
- (c)  $lx_1 + my_1 + nz_1 = 0$  (d)  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 \neq 0$
- (vi) The lines  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  intersect. The shortest distance between them is :
- (a) Zero (b) Positive
- (c) Negative (d) Infinity
- (vii) Two equations of the first degree in  $x, y, z$  represents :
- (a) sphere (b) cone
- (c) cylinder (d) line
- (viii) The centre of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2x - 4y - 6z + 5 = 0$  is :
- (a) (1, 2, 3) (b) (1, -2, 3)
- (c) (-1, 2, 3) (d) (1, 2, -3)

- (ix) The locus of the points of intersection of two spheres is a.....
- (a) plane (b) sphere  
(c) cone (d) circle
- (x) An individual straight line on the surface of a cone is called its.....
- (a) Guiding curve (b) Generator  
(c) Vertex (d) None of these

2. Attempt any *two* of the following : 5 each

- (a) Prove that the projection of a segment AB on a line CD is  $AB \cdot \cos \theta$ , where  $\theta$  is the angle between the lines AB and CD.
- (b) Find the equation of the plane through the three non-collinear points  $(x_1, y_1, z_1), (x_2, y_2, z_2), (x_3, y_3, z_3)$ .
- (c) Find the equation of the plane through the point (2, 3, 4) and parallel to the plane  $5x - 6y + 7z = 3$ .

3. Attempt any *two* of the following : 5 each

- (a) Show that the shortest distance between two lines lies along the line meeting them both at right angles.
- (b) Show that the line :

$$\frac{1}{3}(x - 2) = \frac{1}{4}(y - 3) = \frac{1}{5}(z - 4)$$

is parallel to the plane

$$2x + y - 2z = 3.$$

- (c) Show that the lines :

$$\frac{x + 5}{3} = \frac{y + 4}{1} = \frac{z - 7}{-2},$$

$$3x + 2y + z - 2 = 0 = x - 3y + 2z - 13$$

are coplanar and find the equation to the plane in which they lie.

P.T.O.

4. Attempt any *two* of the following : 5 each

(a) Find the locus of the points of contact of the tangent planes which pass through a given point  $(\alpha, \beta, \gamma)$  and touch the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2ux + 2vy + 2wz + d = 0$ .

(b) Find the equation of the cylinder whose generators intersect the conic  $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0, z = 0$  and are parallel to the line  $\frac{x}{l} = \frac{y}{m} = \frac{z}{n}$ .

(c) Obtain the equations of the circle lying on the sphere :

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x + 4y - 6z + 3 = 0$$

and having its centre at  $(2, 3, -4)$ .