

This question paper contains 4 printed pages]

**B—42—2019**

**FACULTY OF SCIENCE**

**B.Sc. (First Year) (Second Semester) EXAMINATION**

**MARCH/APRIL, 2019**

**(CBCS/CGPA)**

**CHEMISTRY**

**Paper III**

**(Organic and Inorganic Chemistry)**

**(MCQ+Theory)**

**(Wednesday, 20-3-2019)**

**Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon**

*Time—2 Hours*

*Maximum Marks—40*

*N.B. :- (i) Attempt All questions.*

*(ii) All questions carry equal marks.*

*(iii) Use OMR sheet for Question No. 1.*

*(iv) Only one answer sheet should be used for Section A and B.*

**(MCQ)**

1. Select the *correct* answer for each of the following multiple choice questions :

(i) Anthracene is aromatic, where value of  $n = \dots\dots\dots$

(A) zero

(B) one

(C) two

(D) three

(ii) Which of the following is meta directing group ?

(A) —OH

(B) —CH<sub>3</sub>

(C) —Cl

(D) —NO<sub>2</sub>

(iii) Resorcinol is ..... phenol.

(A) Monohydric

(B) Dihydric

(C) Trihydric

(D) Polyhydric

P.T.O.

- (iv) Which of the following is more reactive towards nucleophilic substitution reaction ?
- (A) Alkyl halide (B) Vinyl halide  
(C) Chlorobenzene (D) All are equally reactive
- (v)  $\text{CH}_3\text{—COOH} + \text{PCl}_5 \rightarrow \text{A}$   
A = ?
- (A)  $\text{CH}_3\text{—Cl}$  (B)  $\text{CH}_3\text{—}\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}\text{C—Cl}$   
(C)  $\text{CH}_3\text{—}\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}\text{C—CH}_3$  (D)  $\text{CH}_3\text{—CH}_2\text{—Cl}$
- (vi) Phenol is also known as .....
- (A) Citric acid (B) Tartaric acid  
(C) Carboic acid (D) Carboxylic acid
- (vii) Silver salt of aromatic carboxylic acid on heating with bromine gives bromobenzene is ..... reaction.
- (A) Hunsdiecker (B) Ullmann  
(C) Balz-Schiemann (D) Gattermann
- (viii) The ionization energy of oxygen is ..... than Nitrogen.
- (A) higher (B) lower  
(C) equal (D) none of these
- (ix) Proton acceptors are bases according to .....
- (A) Bronsted-Lowry concept (B) Lewis concept  
(C) Arrhenius concept (D) Solvent system concept
- (x)  $\text{I}^+$  and  $\text{I}^-$  are ..... respectively.
- (A) Hard acid and soft base  
(B) Soft acid and hard base  
(C) Hard acid and hard base  
(D) Soft acid and soft base

## (Theory)

## Section A

## (Organic Chemistry)

2. Answer any *two* of the following :

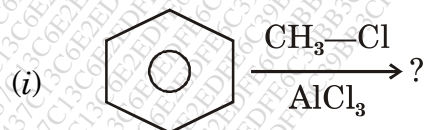
- Explain Friedel Craft acylation of benzene.
- Define the term phenol and give its classification.
- What is the action of the following on allyl iodide :
  - $\text{AgNO}_2$
  - $\text{NH}_3$
  - KCN
  - NaOH
  - $\text{Br}_2$ .
- How will you prepare ethanamide from (i) acetyl chloride (ii) acetic anhydride and what is the action of  $\text{HNO}_2$  on ethanamide.

3. Answer any *two* of the following :

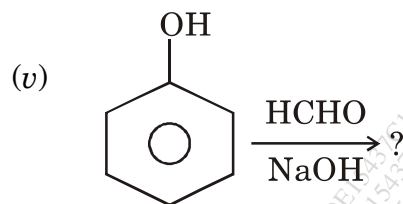
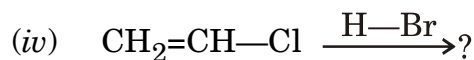
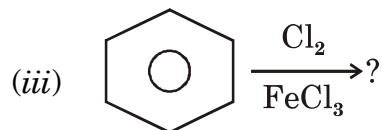
- Explain ortho, para directing nature of  $-\text{OH}$  group.
- Write a note on Hauben-Hoesch reaction and give its mechanism.
- How will you prepare vinyl chloride from :
  - 1, 2-Dichloroethane
  - Ethene ?

What is the action of  $\text{Br}_2$  on vinyl chloride ?

(d) Predict the product of the following reactions :



P.T.O.



### Section B

#### (Inorganic Chemistry)

4. Solve any *two* of the following :

- (a) Explain the variation in metallic character and MP and BP of *p*-block elements.
- (b) (i) Give the variation in atomic radius and electronegativity of *p*-block elements.  
(ii) Discuss Pearson's principle and its limitations.
- (c) Define acids and bases according to solvent system and Lux-Flood concept.
- (d) Give the applications of HSAB principle.